master design studio, 10 ECTS, 260.796 | TU wien, FB städtebau, summerterm 2023 tutors: andreas hofer, andrea überbacher

students: laura sánchez fernández | 01623349 | laura.sanchez.216@gmail.com anna panni till | 01619950 | tillpanni97@gmail.com











Department of Architectural Design Lviv Polytechnic National University





lviv social resilient city 2.0 | urban density lab ukraine 2023 | vienna-lviv.info

Office of architecture and urban planning

= Federal Ministry Republic of Austria Education, Science and Research



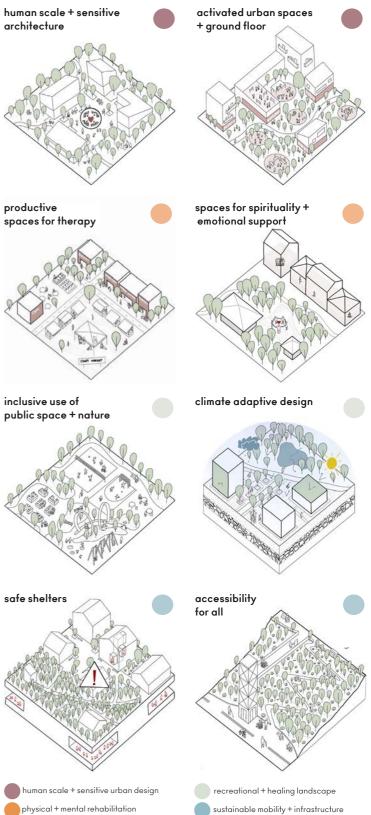
URBAN DESIGN REFERENCES

GREEN LINK | hanna müller | sofiya lukyanchenko | laura sipple

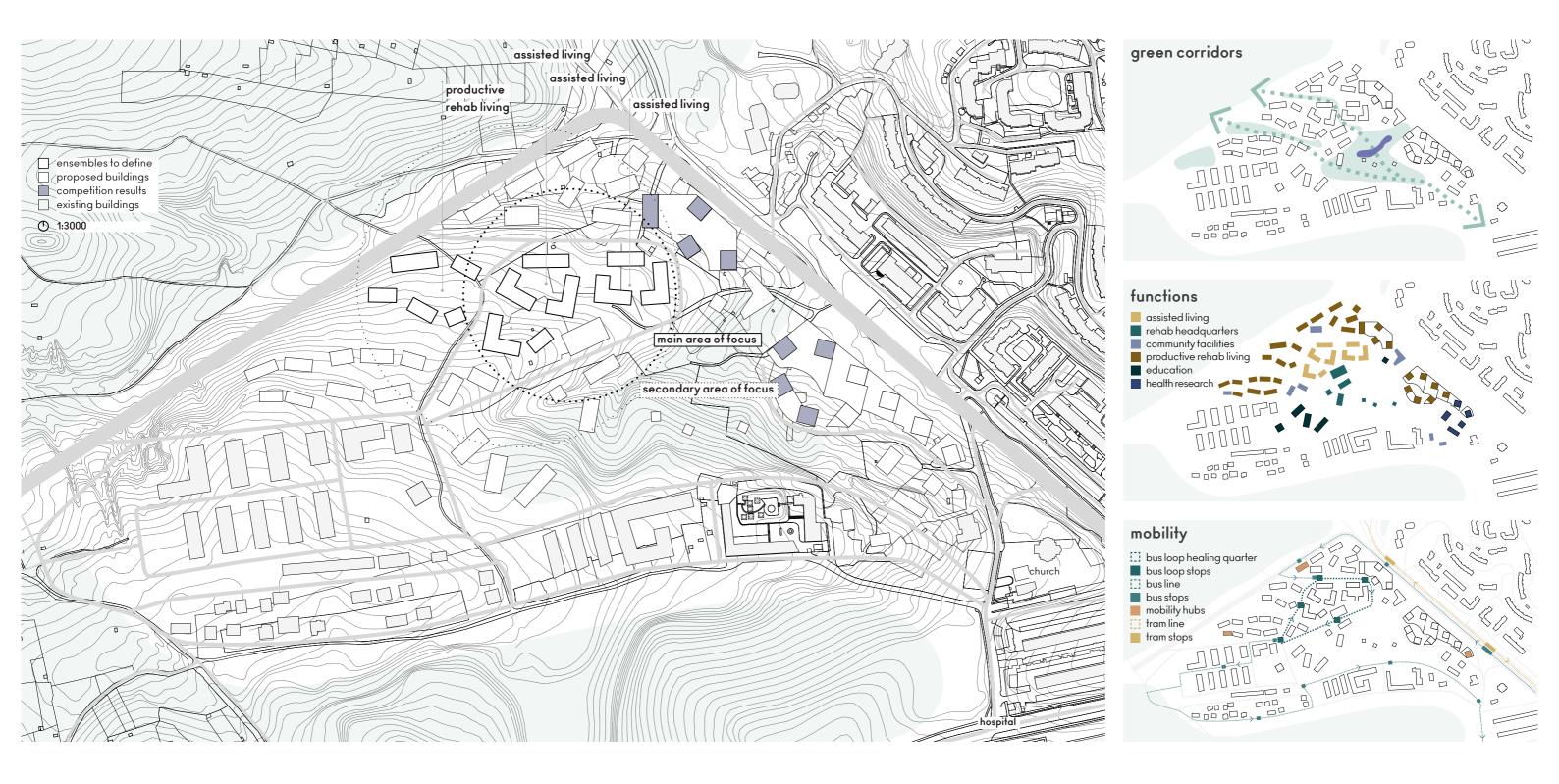
productive connecting green spaces protecting from traffic noise aligning according to the topogragraphy and cardinal directions inclusive use of safe shelters activating the park Ē storey legend 1:6000



DESIGN PRINCIPLES



GENERAL URBAN DESIGN PROPOSAL



modularity

materiality & human scale modular timber construction

arktithema / kronborg strandby



integration in topography & identity

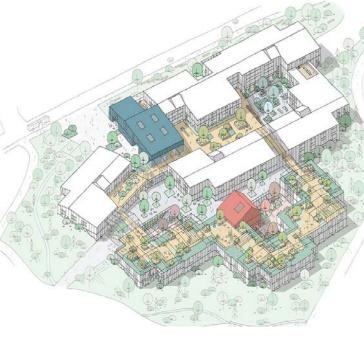
busarchitektur / nursing home in wienerwald, competition entry





REFERENCES

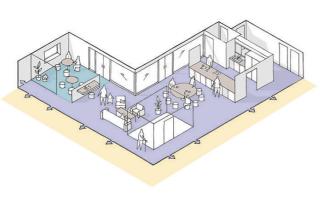
courtyard system

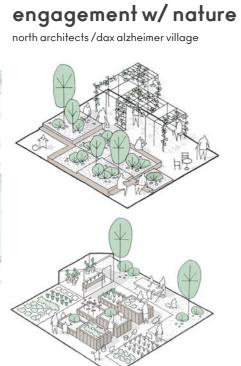


common rooms

north architects / olsrod nursing home





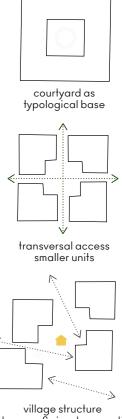


oopeaa / puukuokka housing block

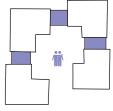


SPATIAL & TYPOLOGICAL CONCEPT



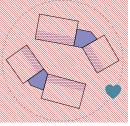


rich space & visual connection



creation of community spaces as binding elements

adaptation to topography connection towards nature

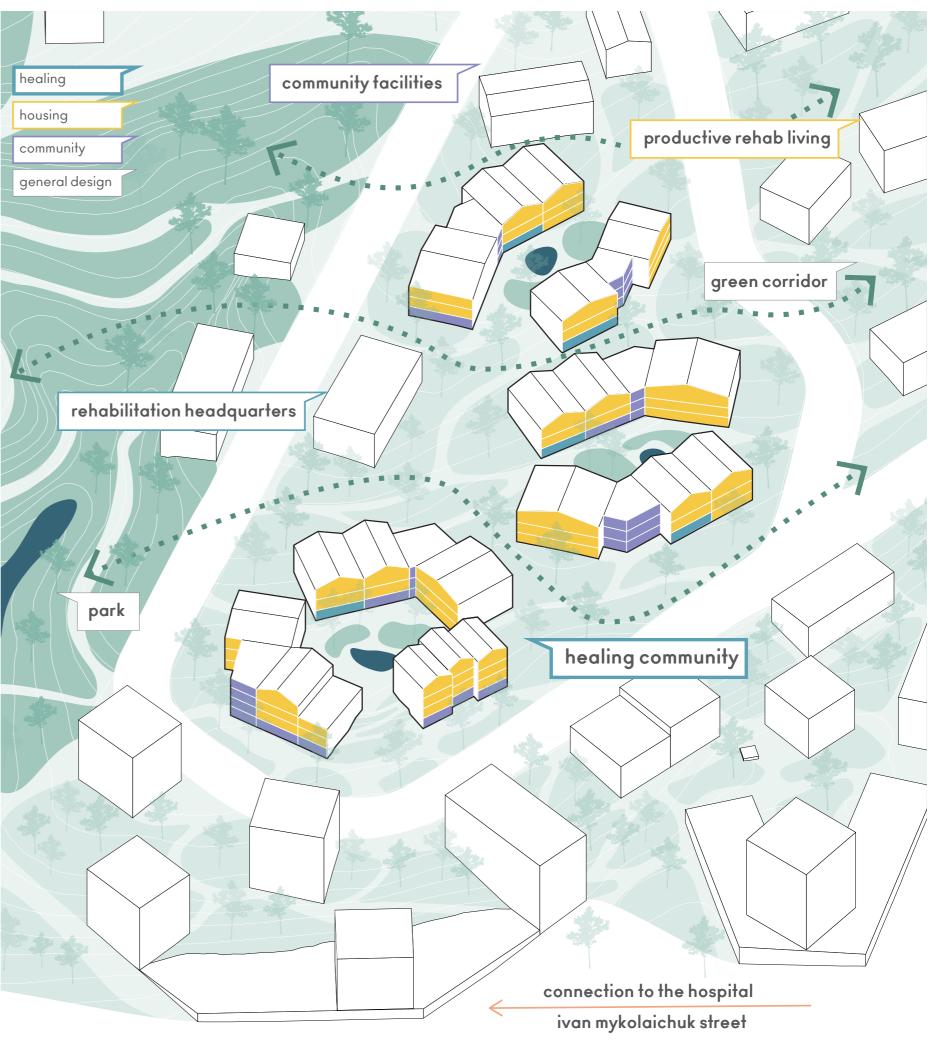


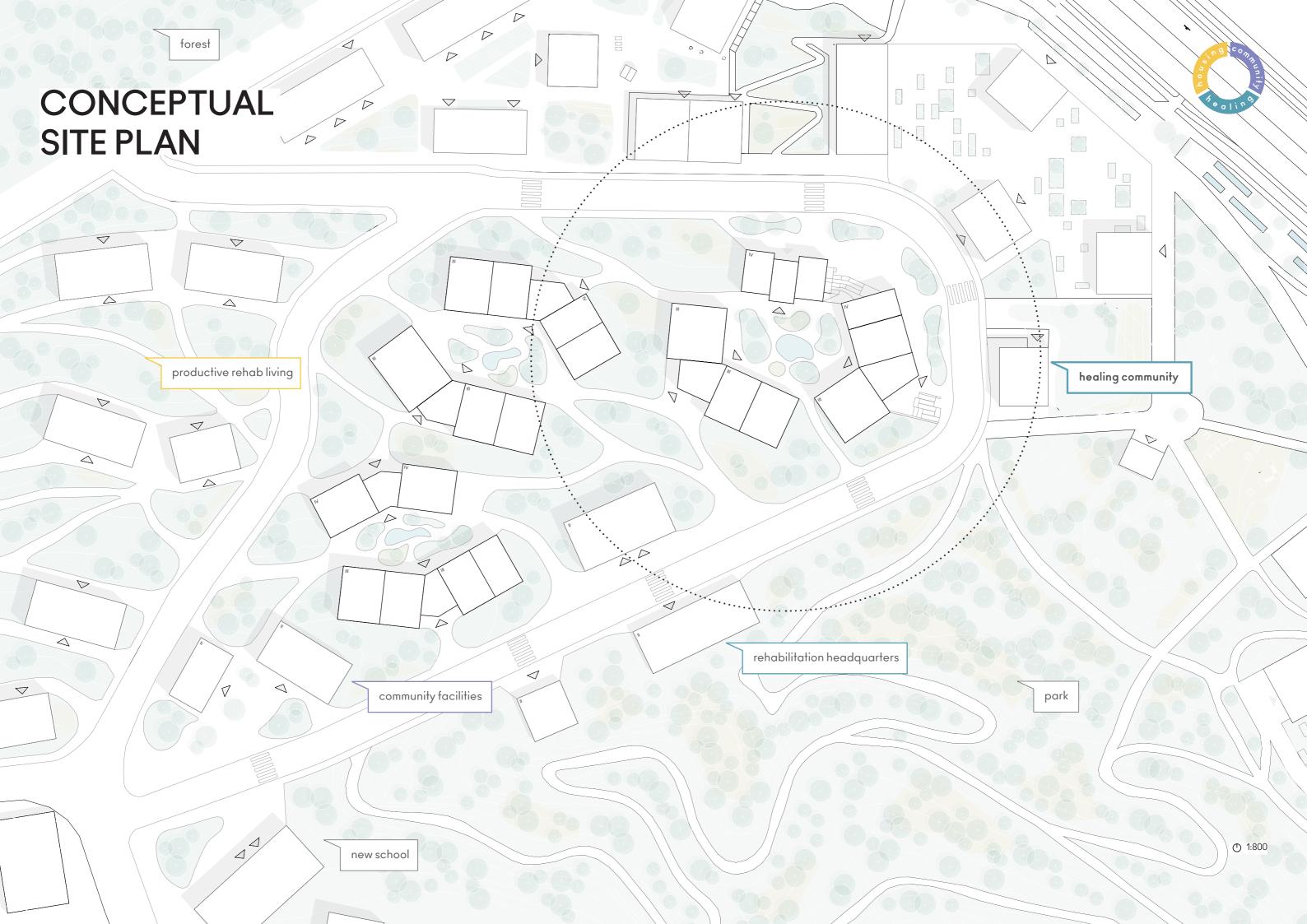
covered community spaces to foster interaction

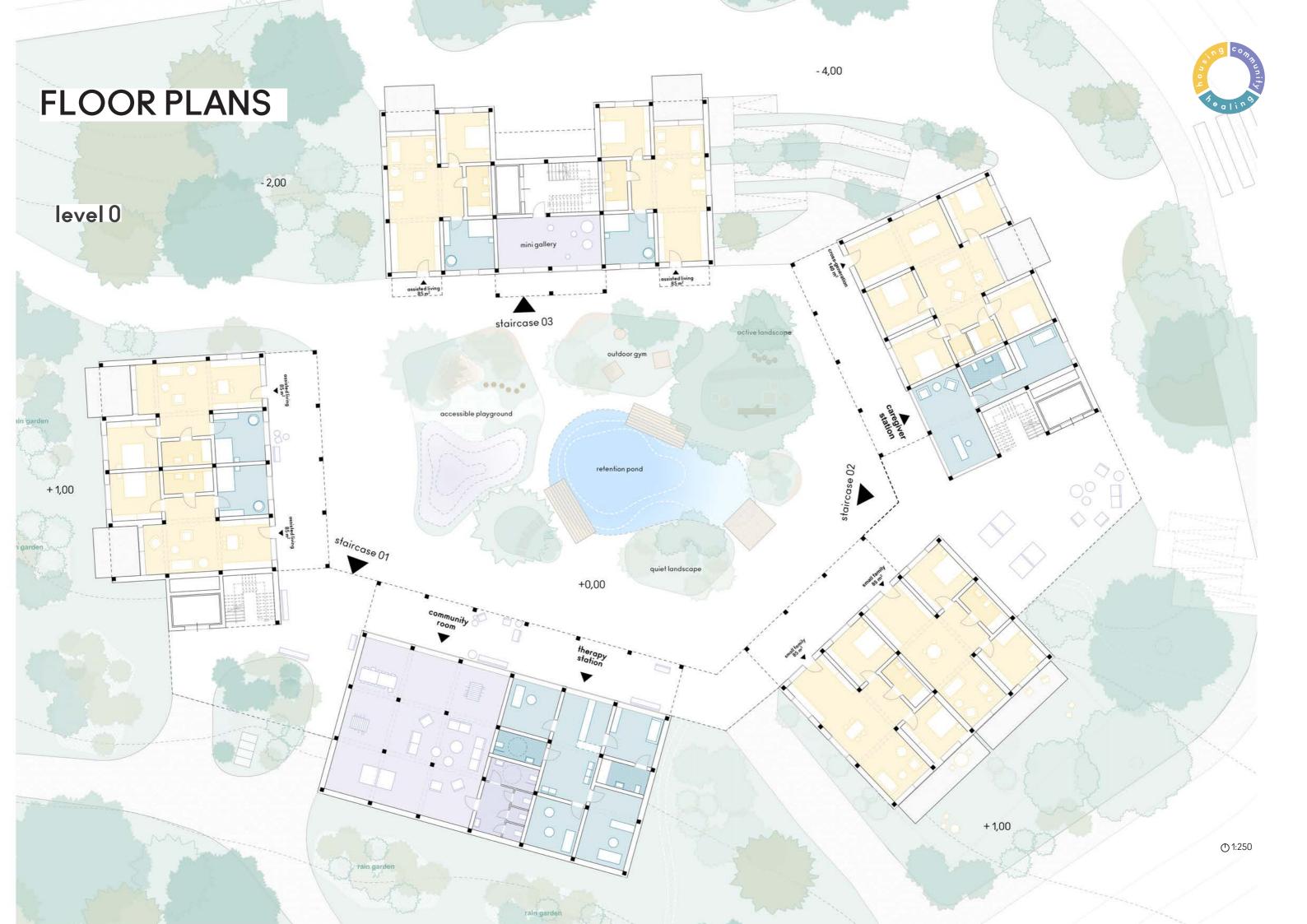
housing community Ø nature covered open space healing community

TARGET GROUPS & **CONCEPT GRAPHIC**

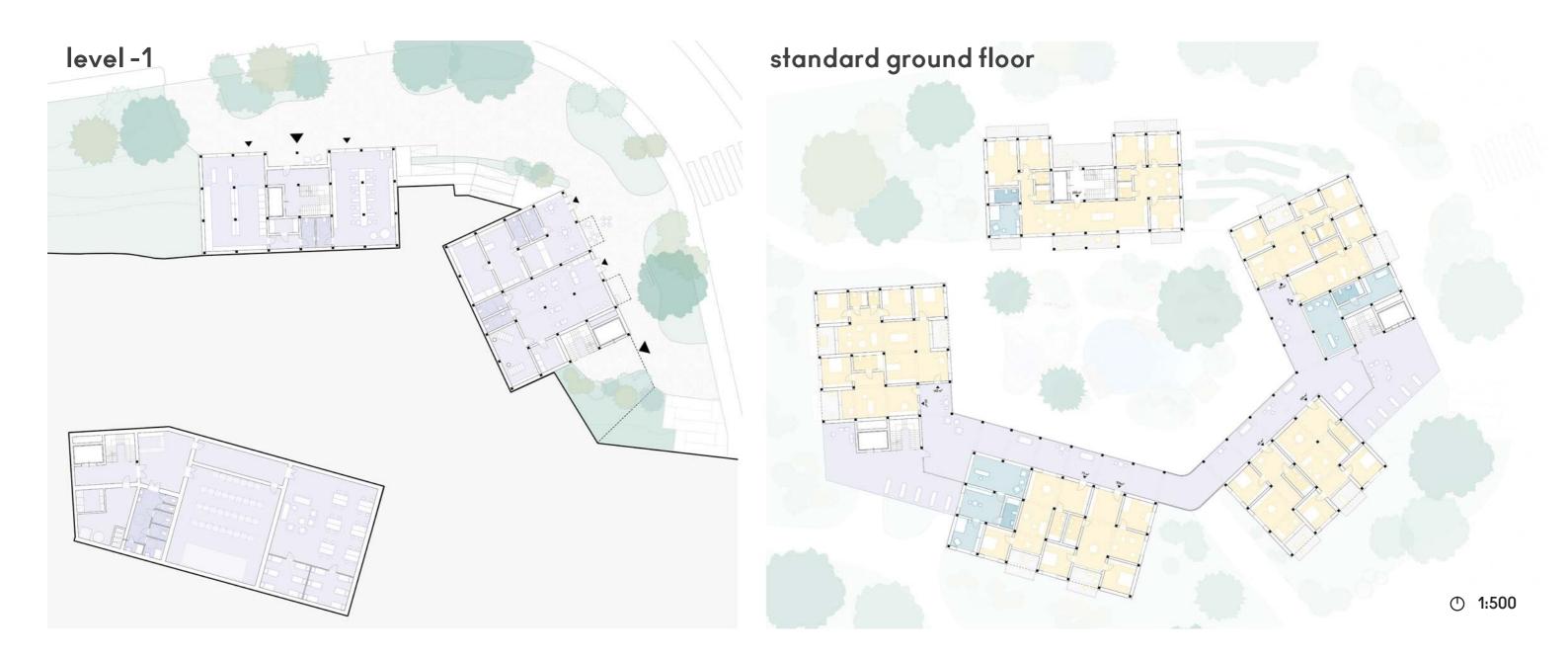






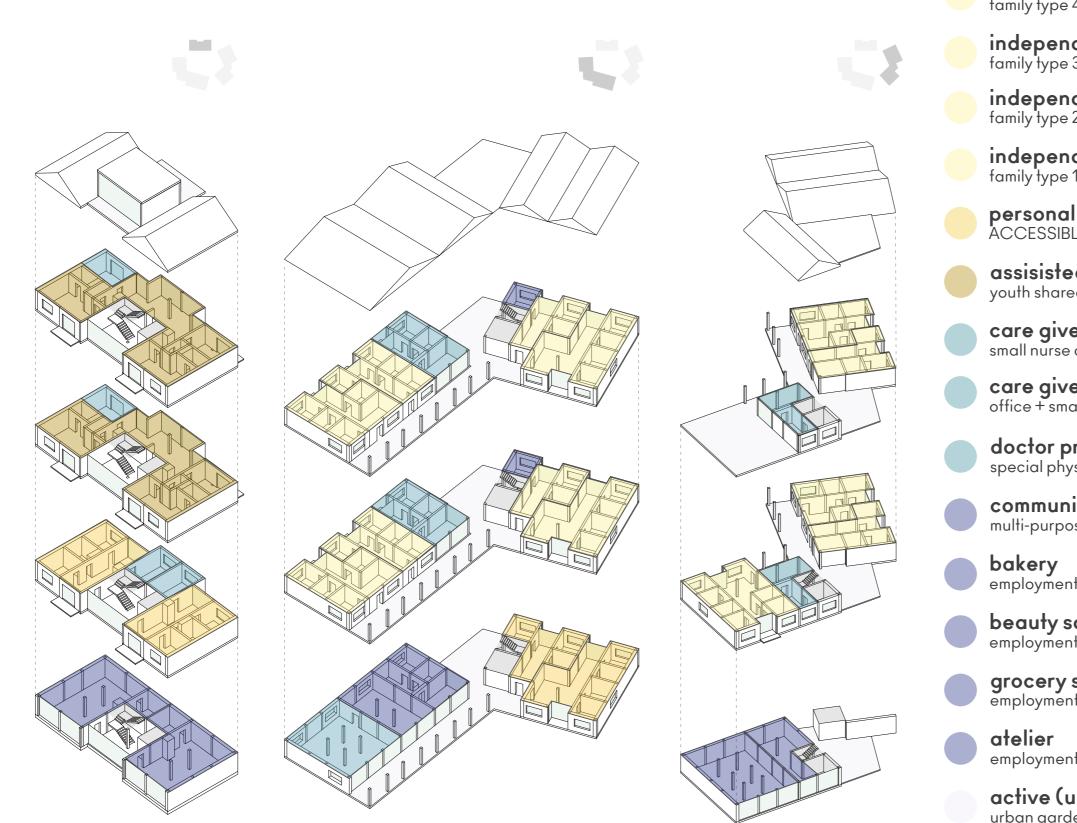


FLOOR PLANS





FUNCTIONAL DISTRIBUTION



independent residental apartment [4] family type 4 [4 bedrooms/up to 6 residents]

independent residental apartment [4] family type 3 [3 bedrooms/up to 5 residents]

independent residental apartment [4] family type 2 [2 bedrooms/up to 4 residents]

independent residental apartment [7] family type 1 [1 bedroom/up to 2 residents]

personal assisisted living [4] ACCESSIBLE family type 1 [1+1 bedrooms/up to 2 residents + 1 care giver]

assisisted youth living [2] youth shared aparment [5+1 bedrooms/up to 10 assisted residents]

care giver residence [4] small nurse apartment [up to 2 care workers]

care giver office & residence [4] office + small nurse apartment [up to 2 care workers]

doctor practice special physical/mental therapy [up to 4 care workers]

community room multi-purpose flexible room for activities

bakery employment & occupational therapy [up to 4 employed residents]

beauty salon employment & occupational therapy [up to 4 employed residents]

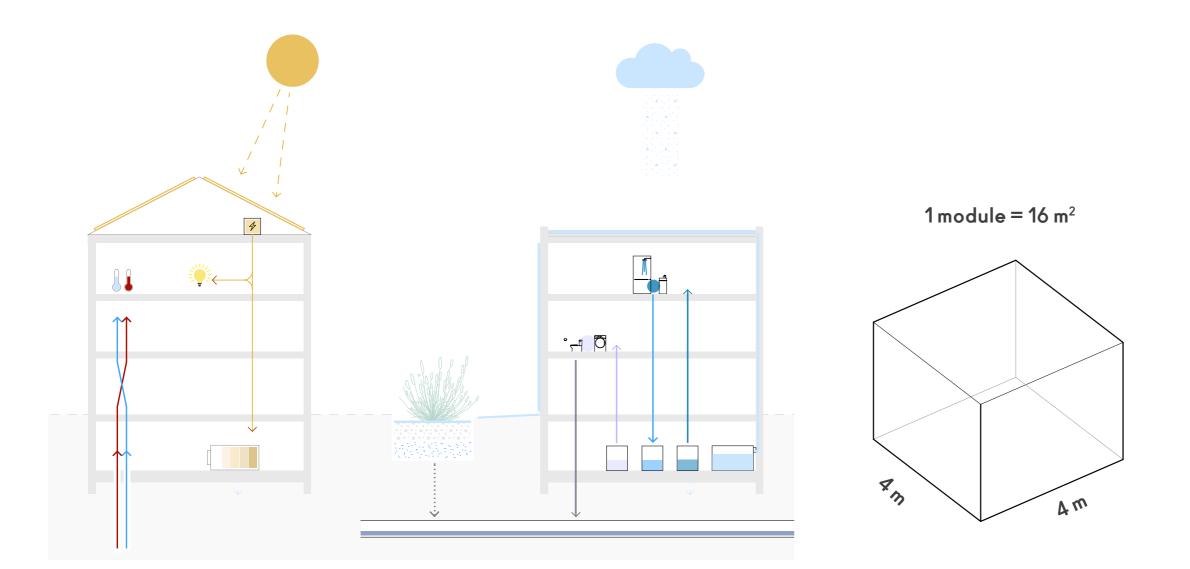
grocery shop employment & occupational therapy [up to 4 employed residents]

atelier employment & occupational therapy [up to 4 employed residents]

active (un)covered rooftop urban gardening, comm. activities



SUSTAINABILITY & SOCIAL RESILIENT CONCEPT

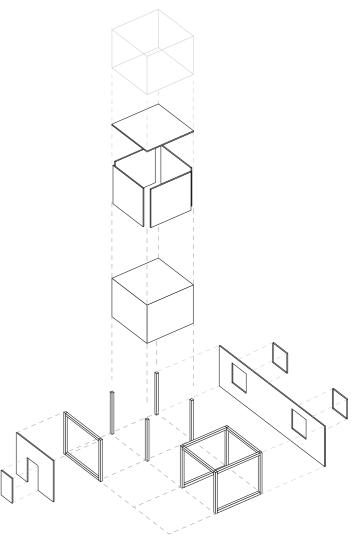


energy concept independent energy production through solar panels & geothermal heat pumps

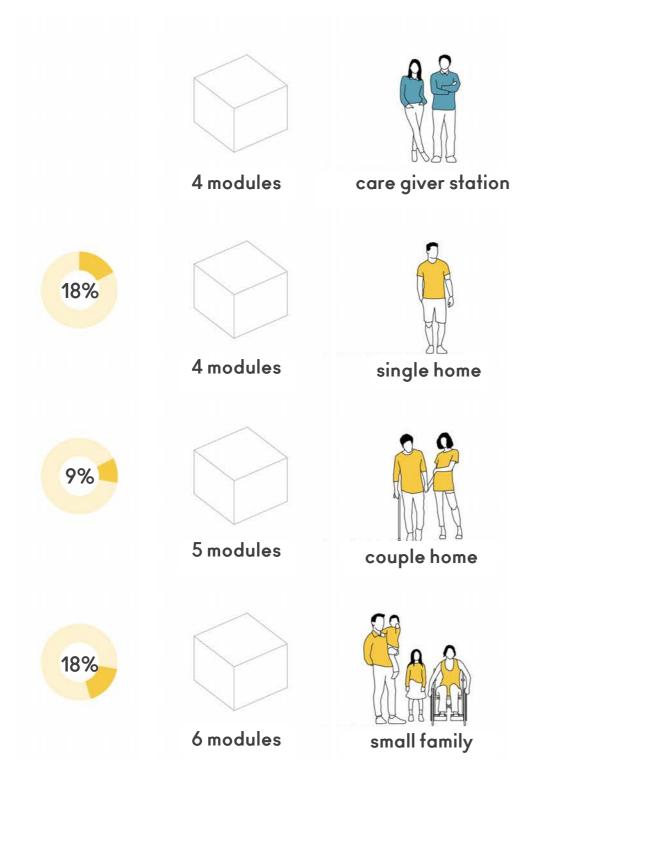
water management rain water harvesting & water depuration and reuse

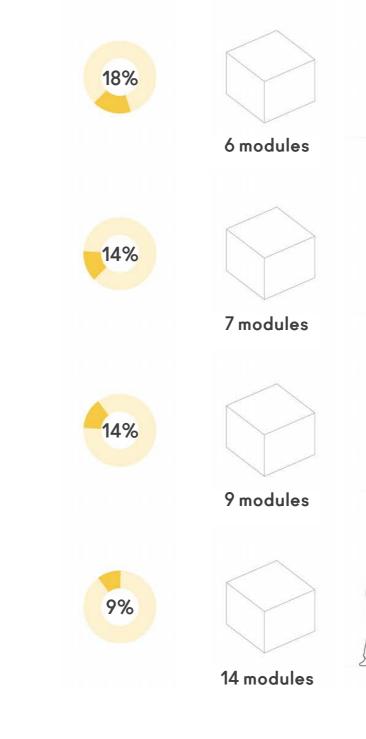
timber modular construction system reduced carbon footprint, flexibility,

easy repair & rapid assembly



DIVERSITY OF INHABITANTS







couple apartments [2] 4 people [5%]

small family apartments [4] 16 people [21%]

family apartments [3] 15 people [20%]

multigenerational family apartments [1] 8 people [10,5%]

assisted living [4] 8 people [10,5%] 4 care givers







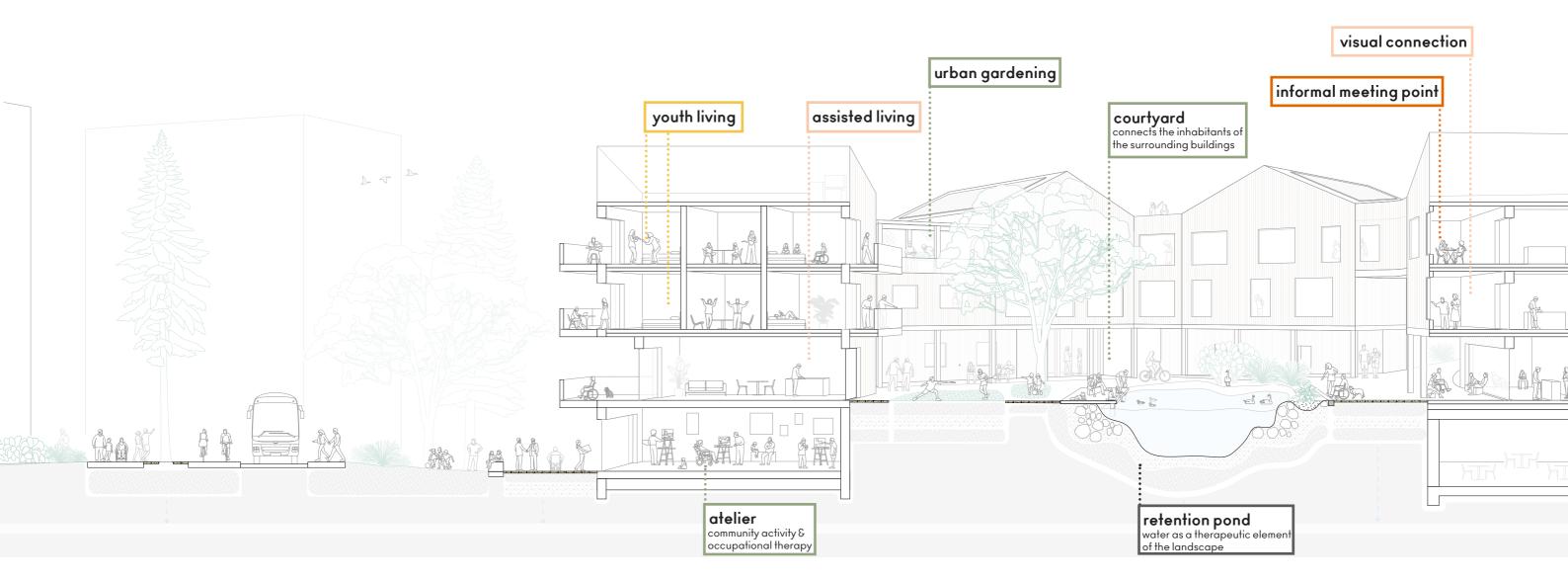




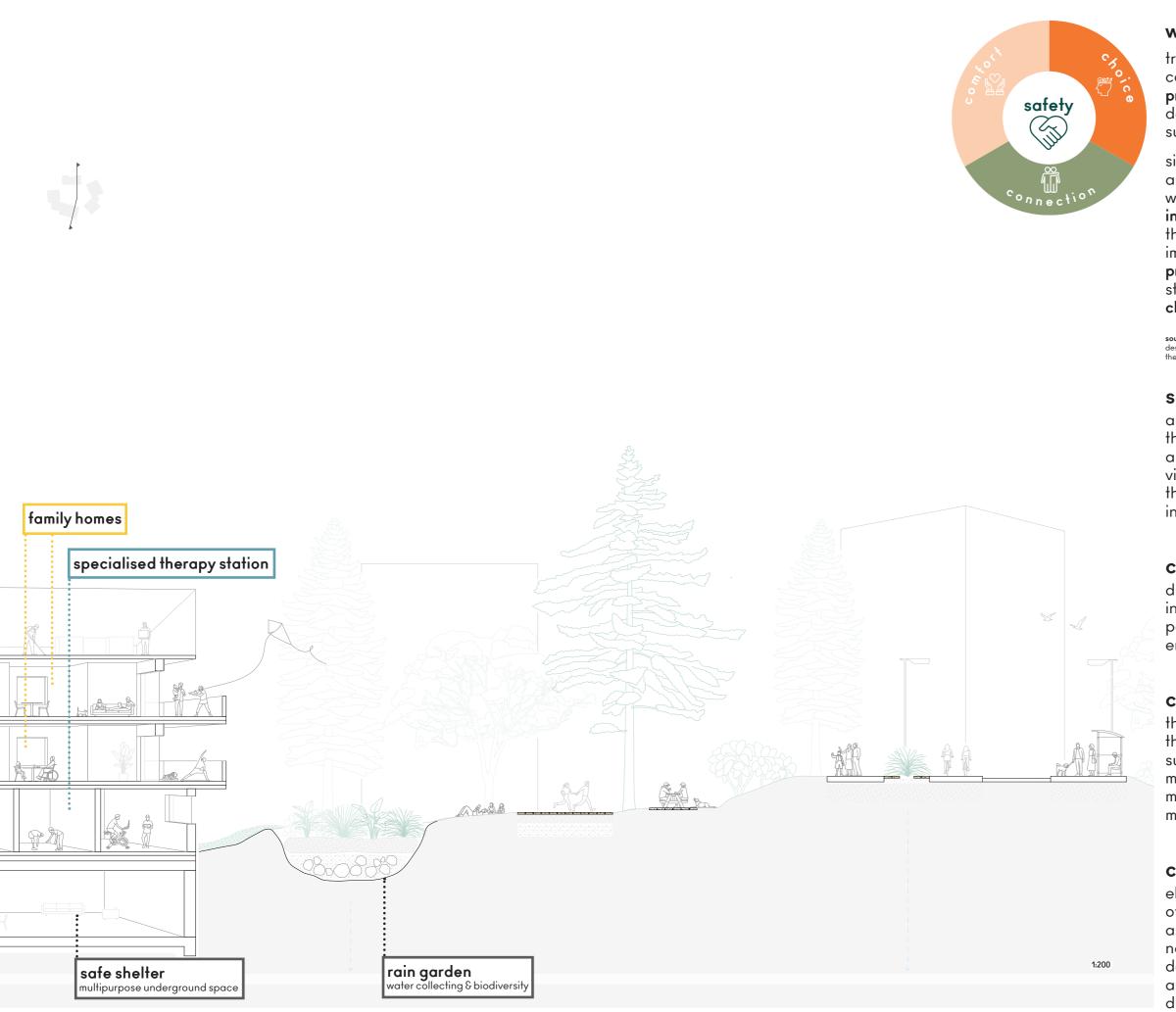
assisted living for minors [2] 20 people [26,5%] 4 care givers

= 21 apartments =76 people = 8 care givers

SECTION THROUGH COURTYARD







trauma-informed design is a framework combining **trauma-informed care** with the **design process**. this framework focuses on ways to design a building to help regulate the body and support therapeutic approaches.

since trauma lives and works through the body, and the body reacts to physical space before we cognitively process it, **the built environment is integral to how one experiences trauma**.

the spatial principles and design values should be implemented hand-in-hand with a **participatory pre-design process** [interviewing residents and staff] and a **focus on comfort, community, and choice inside a safe environment**.

source: grabowska, sam, et al. 2021. architectural principles in the service of trauma-informed design. denver, CO: shopworks architecture, center for housing and homelessness research at the university of denver, and group 14 engineering.

safety

above all, to support the process of healing in the built environment, the spaces have to offer a sense of safety, being able to have direct visual connection with the care giver station and the landscape. other aspects regarding safety include proper orientation and lighting.

choice

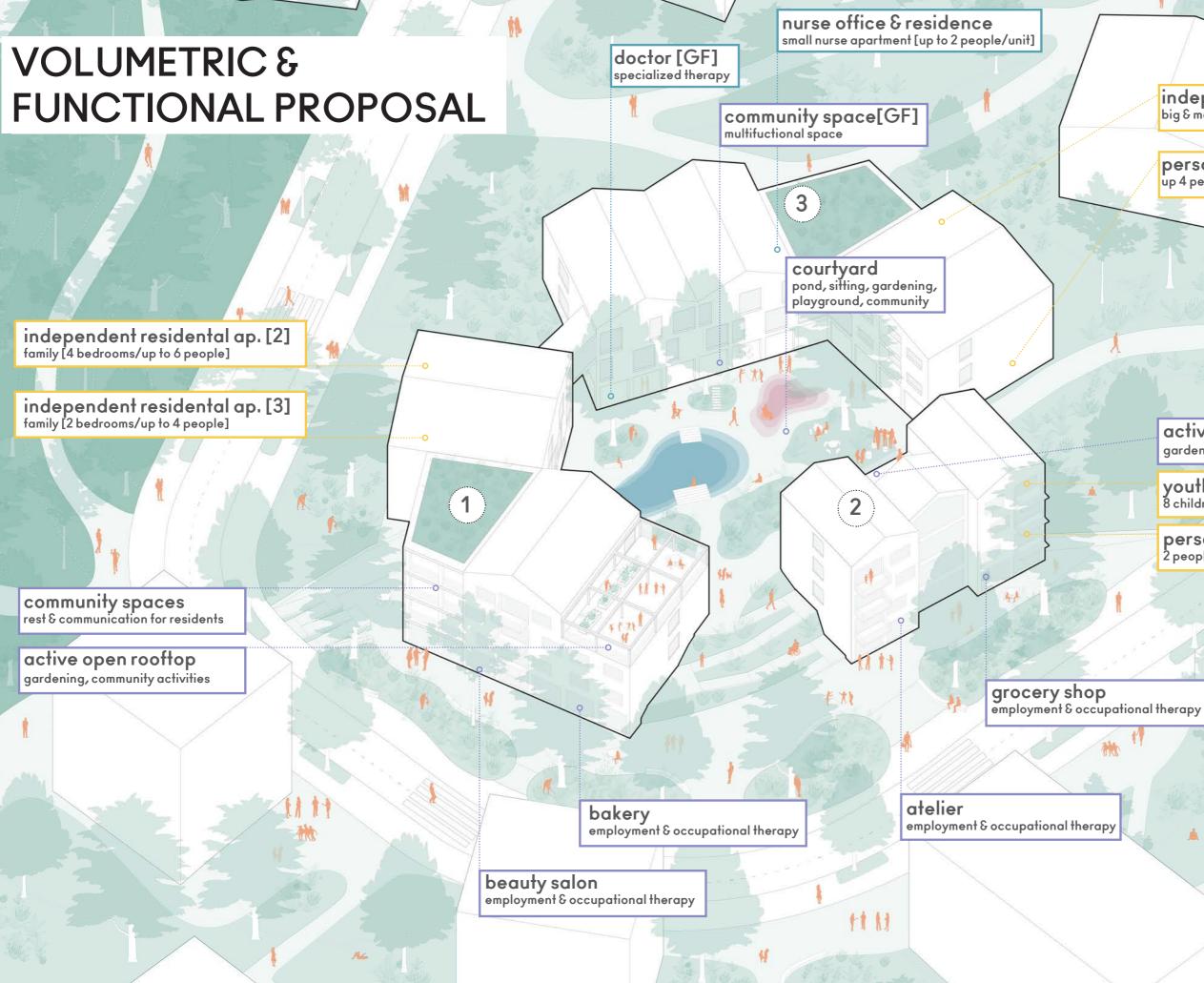
different settings for sitting , resting, activities in- and outdoors, offering the chance to be part of social activities or to enjoy solitude... to encompass each user's needs in time.

connection

the residents must be able to connect with themselves, other residents, the staff, the surroundings and the building. to achieve this multi-level connection, the built environment must be curated to allow these to happen in many different ways.

comfort

elements that influence the percieved comfort of a space are related to physical aspects, such as the quality and abundance of light, the use of natural materials, a good ventilation, and also design elements in the built environment that are aesthetically pleasing which comminicate dignity and worth.





personal assis. living [2] up 4 people + 1 caregiver per unit

active covered rooftop gardening, community activities

N.

youth assisted living [2] 8 children + 2 caregivers per unit

personal assis. living [2] 2 people + 1 caregiver per unit